Valgrind Memory and profiling

valgrind --tool=X synthetic CPU → runs → **Your program** 10-50x slower → reports → **Errors / out file** stderr, *.out.<pid> → read with → **Viewer** ms_print, *_annotate

CONCEPTS

Compile with -g and -O0 or -O1 so traces show file:line; skip -O2 inlining and sanitizers (ASan clashes with valgrind).

Memcheck is the default tool; --tool= picks another. Each tool is a separate run, they do not combine.

Reports show only what the run executed: a bug on an untested code path stays invisible.

RUNNING

`valgrind [opts] ./<prog> [args]`
Run program under valgrind

`valgrind --tool=<name> ./<prog>`
Pick memcheck, callgrind, massif

`valgrind -q ./<prog>`
Quiet: only print errors

`valgrind -s ./<prog>`
List errors and suppressions used

`valgrind --trace-children=yes ./<prog>`
Follow exec'd child processes

RUNNING (cont.)

`valgrind --num-callers=30 ./<prog>`
Deeper stack traces

`valgrind --log-file=<file> ./<prog>`
Write messages to a file

`valgrind --error-exitcode=<n> ./<prog>`
Exit code n when errors found

MEMCHECK LEAKS

`--leak-check=full`
List every leak with stack

`--show-leak-kinds=all`
Include reachable and indirect

`--errors-for-leak-kinds=<set>`
Which leaks count as errors

Leak kinds

Kind	Meaning
`definitely lost`	No pointer left: a real leak
`indirectly lost`	Only held by lost blocks
`possibly lost`	Only interior pointers remain
`still reachable`	Pointer exists at exit
`suppressed`	Matched a suppression

MEMCHECK LEAKS (cont.)

Fix definitely lost first; indirect ones vanish when their owner is freed. Still reachable is usually harmless.

MEMCHECK ERRORS

`--track-origins=yes`
Trace uninitialised values to source

Reading an error

Message	Usually means
Invalid read/write	Out of bounds or freed memory
Jump on uninitialised	Branch on unset variable
Invalid free()	Double free or bad pointer
Mismatched free	malloc/ new/new[] mix
Overlap in memcpy	Source and dest overlap
Syscall uninitialised	Unset bytes sent to kernel

MEMCHECK ERRORS (cont.)

The first error is often the cause of later ones; fix top-down and rerun. Read the 'Address ... is N bytes after a block' line.

SUPPRESSIONS

`--gen-suppressions=all`
Print a suppression per error

`--suppressions=<file>`
Load extra suppression file

Suppress by narrow frames (fun:/obj:, with ... wildcards) so you hide a library's noise, not your own bugs.

CALLGRIND AND CACHEGRIND

`valgrind --tool=callgrind ./<prog>`
Record call graph and costs

`callgrind_annotate callgrind.out.<pid>`
Text report by function

`callgrind_annotate --inclusive=yes <file>`
Sort by inclusive cost

CALLGRIND AND CACHEGRIND (cont.)

`callgrind_annotate --tree=caller <file>`
Show callers per function

`kcachegrind callgrind.out.<pid>`
Browse graph in a GUI

`--toggle-collect=<function>`
Collect only inside a function

`valgrind --tool=cachegrind ./<prog>`
Cache and branch simulation

`cg_annotate cachegrind.out.<pid>`
Report cachegrind results

MASSIF AND DHAT

`valgrind --tool=massif ./<prog>`
Heap usage over time

`ms_print massif.out.<pid>`
Graph and snapshot tree

THREAD CHECKERS

`valgrind --tool=helgrind ./<prog>`
Find races, lock misuse, deadlocks