psql PostgreSQL shell

CONCEPTS

Backslash commands belong to psql, not SQL: they end at the line break and need no semicolon. SQL statements need a closing ;.

Connect flags, URI, env
↓ type
Query buffer SQL ending in ;
↓ run
Result format with \pset
↓ redirect
Output \o, \g, \copy

CONNECT

psql -h *<host>* **-p** *<port>* **-U** *<user>* **-d** *<db>*
Connect with explicit options

psql "postgresql://*<user>***@***<host>***:***<port>***/***<db>***"**
Connect with a URI

psql *<db>*
Connect to a local database

\c *<db>* **[***<user>***]**
Switch database in the session

\q
Quit

INSPECT

\l
List databases

\dt
List tables

\d *<table>*
Columns, indexes and constraints

\dn
List schemas

\du
List roles

\dt *<schema>***.***
Tables in one schema

RUN SQL

psql -c "*<sql>***"**
Run one statement and exit

psql -f *<file.sql>*
Run a script file

\i *<file>*
Run a file inside psql

\e
Edit the query in $EDITOR

psql -1 -f *<file.sql>*
Run a script in one transaction

OUTPUT

\x auto
Expanded mode only when wide

\x
Toggle vertical output

\timing
Toggle query timing

psql -A -t -c "*<sql>***"**
Bare values for scripts

psql --csv -c "*<sql>***"**
CSV output

IMPORT & EXPORT

\copy *<table>* **from '***<file>***' csv header**
Load a CSV file

\copy *<table>* **to '***<file>***' csv header**
Export a table to CSV

\copy (*<query>***) to '***<file>***' csv header**
Export a query result

VARIABLES & SCRIPTING

\set *<name>* *<value>*
Set a psql variable

psql -v *<name>***=***<value>*
Set a variable from the shell