nvme-cli NVMe drive management

START HERE

`nvme` **`list`**
Show all NVMe drives

`nvme` **`id ctrl /dev/nvme0`**
Controller identity

`nvme` **`id ns /dev/nvme0n1`**
Namespace details

`nvme` **`log smart /dev/nvme0`**
Health and wear

`nvme` **`log error /dev/nvme0`**
Recent error entries

`nvme` **`device-self-test /dev/nvme0 -s 1`**
Start a short self-test

`nvme` **`log self-test /dev/nvme0`**
Self-test results

`nvme` **`list-subsys`**
Subsystems and paths

CONCEPTS

Use the character device (/dev/nvme0) for controller commands and the block device (/dev/nvme0n1) for namespace ones. The digits are not linked across the two.

Subsystem nvme-subsys0
Controller /dev/nvme0
Namespace /dev/nvme0n1

nvme-cli 3.x groups commands (nvme id ctrl, nvme log smart, nvme ns create). The old dashed names still work as deprecated aliases that warn on stderr.

format, sanitize and ns delete destroy data and cannot be undone. Check the device path against nvme list first, twice.

DISCOVER

`nvme` **`list`**
List NVMe devices with size and model

`nvme` **`list -o json`**
List devices as JSON

`nvme` **`list-subsys`**
Show subsystems, controllers and paths

`nvme` **`id ctrl /dev/nvme0`**
Show controller model, serial, firmware

DISCOVER (cont.)

`nvme` **`id ns /dev/nvme0n1`**
Show namespace size and LBA formats

`nvme` **`id ns /dev/nvme0 -n`** *`<nsid>`*
Show a namespace via the controller

`nvme` **`list-ctrl /dev/nvme0`**
List controller IDs in the subsystem

`nvme` **`--version`**
Show the nvme-cli version

HEALTH AND LOGS

`nvme` **`log smart /dev/nvme0`**
Show SMART health, wear, temperature

`nvme` **`log smart /dev/nvme0 -o json`**
SMART log as JSON for scripts

`nvme` **`log error /dev/nvme0`**
Show the error log

`nvme` **`log error /dev/nvme0 -e`** *`<n>`* **`-V`**
Last n entries, valid ones only

`nvme` **`log fw /dev/nvme0`**
Show firmware slots and active revision

`nvme` **`log sanitize /dev/nvme0`**
Show sanitize status and progress

`nvme` **`get-feature /dev/nvme0 -f 0x04`**
Read the temperature threshold feature

HEALTH AND LOGS (cont.)

Key SMART fields

Field	Meaning
`critical_warning`	Non-zero means act now
`percentage_used`	Wear estimate, may pass 100
`available_spare`	Spare blocks left (%)
`media_errors`	Data integrity errors
`unsafe_shutdowns`	Power loss without flush
`data_units_written`	Units of 512,000 bytes

SELF-TEST

`nvme` **`device-self-test /dev/nvme0 -s 1`**
Start a short self-test

`nvme` **`device-self-test /dev/nvme0 -s 2`**
Start an extended self-test

`nvme` **`device-self-test /dev/nvme0 -s 1 -w`**
Short test, wait for completion

`nvme` **`log self-test /dev/nvme0`**
Show self-test results

`nvme` **`device-self-test /dev/nvme0 -s 0xf`**
Abort a running self-test

`nvme` **`device-self-test /dev/nvme0`**
Show whether a test is running

NAMESPACES

`nvme` **`id ns-list /dev/nvme0`**
List active namespace IDs

`nvme` **`ns create /dev/nvme0 --nsze=`***`<blocks>`* **`--ncap=`***`<blocks>`* **`--flbas=0`**
Create a namespace

Sizes are in logical blocks. --nsze-si takes sizes like 6.14T instead.

`nvme` **`ns attach /dev/nvme0 -n`** *`<nsid>`* **`-c`** *`<ctrl-id>`*
Attach a namespace to a controller

`nvme` **`ns detach /dev/nvme0 -n`** *`<nsid>`* **`-c`** *`<ctrl-id>`*
Detach a namespace from a controller

`nvme` **`ns delete /dev/nvme0 -n`** *`<nsid>`*
DESTROYS the namespace and its data

`nvme` **`ns create /dev/nvme0 --nsze-si=`***`<size>`* **`--ncap-si=`***`<size>`* **`--block-size=4096`**
Create by size with 4K blocks

FORMAT AND ERASE

`nvme` **`format /dev/nvme0n1 --lbaf=`***`<n>`*
ERASES: reformat with LBA format n

Run nvme id ns first to see which LBA formats the drive offers.

`nvme` **`format /dev/nvme0n1 --block-size=4096`**
ERASES: reformat to 4K blocks

FORMAT AND ERASE (cont.)

`nvme` **`format /dev/nvme0n1 --ses=1`**
ERASES: format plus user data erase

`nvme` **`format /dev/nvme0n1 --ses=2`**
ERASES: format plus cryptographic erase

`nvme` **`sanitize /dev/nvme0 -a start-block-erase`**
ERASES: block erase the whole drive

Runs in the background. Watch it with nvme log sanitize.

`nvme` **`sanitize /dev/nvme0 -a start-crypto-erase`**
ERASES: crypto erase the whole drive

`nvme` **`sanitize /dev/nvme0 -a start-overwrite -n`** *`<passes>`*
ERASES: overwrite the whole drive

FIRMWARE

`nvme` **`fw download /dev/nvme0 --fw=`***`<file>`*
Upload a firmware image

`nvme` **`fw commit /dev/nvme0 -s`** *`<slot>`* **`-a 1`**
Store image in slot, activate at reset

`echo 1 > /sys/class/nvme/nvme0/device/reset`
Reset controller to run new firmware

OPTIONS AND HELP

`nvme` *`<command>`* **`-o json`**
Machine-readable output

`nvme` *`<command>`* **`-v`**
More detail (repeat for more)

`nvme` *`<command>`* **`--dry-run`**
Print the command without sending it

`nvme` *`<command>`* **`--timeout=`***`<ms>`*
Set the command timeout

`nvme` **`help`**
List all subcommands

RECIPES

Health check of every drive

```
for d in /dev/nvme[0-9]*; do
  [ -c "$d" ] || continue
  echo "== $d"; nvme log smart
"$d" | grep -E 'critical|
percentage|media'
done
```

Wipe a drive and wait

```
# confirm the target first
nvme list
nvme sanitize /dev/nvme0 -a
start-block-erase
watch -n5 nvme log sanitize /
dev/nvme0
```

Update firmware

```
nvme log fw /dev/nvme0
nvme fw download /dev/nvme0 --
fw=<file>
nvme fw commit /dev/nvme0 -s
<slot> -a 1
echo 1 > /sys/class/nvme/nvme0/
device/reset
nvme id ctrl /dev/nvme0 | grep
-w fr
```