dd Raw block copier

CONCEPTS

Danger
dd overwrites whatever of= points at, with no prompt. A wrong device letter destroys that disk. Check lsblk twice before pressing Enter.

if= input file or device
↓ read ibs
dd conv= converts
↓ write obs
of= output file or device

BASICS

dd if=*<in>* **of=***<out>*
Copy a file or device

bs=*<size>*
Block size for read and write

count=*<n>*
Copy only n input blocks

skip=*<n>*
Skip n blocks of input first

seek=*<n>*
Skip n blocks of output first

status=progress
Show running transfer stats

bs=4M
Good default for disks and USB

kill -USR1 $(pidof dd)
Print stats once, keep copying

Size suffixes: K=1024, M=1024*1024, G=1024^3. kB, MB, GB are powers of 1000. Plain bs=1M means MiB.

WRITING AND FLUSHING

conv=fsync
Flush data and metadata at the end

conv=notrunc
Do not truncate the output file

iflag=fullblock
Fill whole blocks when reading pipes

WRITING AND FLUSHING (cont.)

Without conv=fsync dd can report done while data still sits in the cache. Wait for the prompt, then run sync before unplugging a USB stick.

CONVERSIONS AND ERRORS

conv=noerror,sync
Continue on read errors, pad with zeros

conv=sparse
Skip all-zero blocks, make a sparse file

noerror alone shifts data after a bad block. Always pair it with sync so offsets stay aligned. For failing disks prefer ddrescue.

DISKS AND IMAGES

lsblk -o NAME,SIZE,MODEL,TRAN,MOUNTPOINT
Identify the target device

dd if=*<iso>* **of=/dev/***<usb>* **bs=4M conv=fsync status=progress**
Write an ISO to a USB stick

dd if=/dev/*<disk>* **of=***<disk.img>* **bs=4M status=progress**
Back up a whole disk

dd if=*<disk.img>* **of=/dev/***<disk>* **bs=4M conv=fsync**
Restore a disk image

Unmount the target first (umount /dev/<usb>*). Use the whole device (/dev/sdb), not a partition (/dev/sdb1), for bootable ISOs.

WIPING AND TEST FILES

dd if=/dev/zero of=*<file>* **bs=1M count=***<n>*
File of n MiB zeros